

2ND GLOBAL CONFERENCE ON BUSINESS AND SOCIAL SCIENCES: Multidisciplinary Perspectives on Management and Society



CONFERENCE REPORT

September 17 - 18, 2015

Aston Denpasar Hotel, Bali, Indonesia

Hosted by the Global Academy of Training and Research (GATR) in collaboration with leading international institutions including Elsevier (UK), Inderscience



(Switzerland), UPM Press
(Malaysia), Kalasalingam University
India), and University of Brawijaya
(Indonesia) the 2nd GCBSS brought
together scholars and practitioners to
advance interdisciplinary dialogue.

Set against the vibrant backdrop of **Bali**, **Indonesia**, the conference unfolded at the **Aston Denpasar Hotel**, a venue

harmonizing luxury with the island's rich artistic heritage and natural beauty. Attendees immersed themselves not only in cutting-edge research but also in the cultural tapestry of a destination famed for its creativity and inspiration.



The 2nd GCBSS united experts from 25 countries, transforming Bali into a hub of cross-border collaboration. Designed to foster international partnerships and research synergies, the conference empowered participants to bridge academic divides and ignite actionable ideas.

Central to the event were engagements

with world-renowned plenary speakers, visionaries who challenged conventional thinking across business and social sciences. Their thought-provoking sessions sparked lively debates, offering fresh frameworks to address global challenges.



The 2nd GCBSS opened with an inspiring address from **Dr. Kashan Pirzada**, Chairman of the GATR Advisory Board, who framed the conference as a direct response to today's most



urgent developments in business and social sciences. With warmth and conviction, he welcomed the global delegation, thanked participants for driving meaningful dialogue, and positioned the event as a catalyst for transformative partnerships, "a convergence point where academia meets real-world impact." His words set both the intellectual agenda and collaborative spirit for the days ahead.



Professor Danture Wickramramasinghe (University of Glasgow) ignited the conference with his plenary address on Actor-Network Theory (ANT), reframing social research by democratizing agency, arguing that objects, systems, and human actors collaboratively shape social phenomena. Rejecting traditional hierarchies and "social forces," his

framework challenged attendees to analyze networks where lab equipment, policies, or even algorithms hold equal sway as people in driving change, offering a radical lens for contemporary business and social science research.

The dialogue advanced with **Professor Gabriël A Moens** (Curtin Law School, Australia),



who dissected the evolution of state health interventions contrasting the paternalistic "Nanny State" model with modern "Nudge State" approaches. His analysis revealed how contemporary policymakers leverage behavioral science, subtly guiding choices (e.g., opt-out organ donation systems or calorie labeling) rather than imposing restrictions.

He argued that contemporary governance

increasingly favors subtle behavioral nudges like policy-designed default choices over heavy-handed mandates, emphasizing how law can intelligently shape healthier societies while preserving individual autonomy.



(ISEAS – Yusof Ishak Institute,
Singapore) examined the evolution and
contemporary challenges of **Area**Studies as applied to **Southeast Asia**. He
highlighted the field's
traditional **dominance by Western**

Professor Ahmad Fauzi Abdul Hamid

scholars across disciplines including political science, history, sociology, linguistics, and geography.

Emphasizing regional capacity gaps, he noted the critical shortage of dedicated faculties in Malaysia due to declining student interest in Southeast Asian studies, a trend jeopardizing the discipline's local development and global relevance.

Centered on the theme "Contemporary Issues in Management & Social Science Research", the conference explored critical challenges through five



sub-themes: Management, Education and Psychology reforms in Asia/Europe; Accounting and Finance dimensions of global development programs; Economic and Banking transformation in Asia; Cultural aspects of Marketing in developing nations; and emerging debates in Management & Social Science Research. Participants presented cutting-

edge work addressing these interdisciplinary priorities, showcasing the field's dynamic evolution and global relevance.



Saodah Wok (International Islamic
University Malaysia) investigated
how employee relations, a key human
resource practice, moderates workplace
happiness among married working
women in Malaysia. Her findings
revealed a strong positive
relationship between internal
contact and happiness, while external
contacts showed a moderately

positive link. Crucially, both contact types collectively predicted enhanced **workplace happiness**, with **employee relations** playing a significant explanatory role. These results validate the **social exchange theory** framework, underscoring how reciprocal interactions shape employee well-being in organizational settings.



Hasan Basri (Syiah Kuala University, Indonesia) conducted a grounded theory analysis of accounting systems and accountability practices in an Islamic institutional



setting. The study revealed that
management views financial
reporting as a vital tool for enhancing
organizational accountability,
with accounting activities perceived as
fully aligned with both religious
principles and institutional missions.
However, findings identified critical
gaps: the institution's accounting

practices remain underdeveloped, and its **financial accountability** standards fall short of societal expectations. This contrast between ideological alignment and practical implementation highlights tensions in reconciling faith-based values with professional accounting norms



Tiara Juniar Soewardi (Brawijaya
University, Indonesia) analyzed
the decentralization policy's dual
impact on economic growth and interregional disparity in Indonesia since its
2001 implementation. While
international evidence shows
decentralization strengthens
social and democratic outcomes, her
findings reveal trade-offs for economic

development: rising **provincial revenue** reduces **income disparity**, but progress hinges on **infrastructure development** and **regional wage policies** governing **goods flow** and **labor mobility**. The study underscores how coordinated **policy programs** must address these multidimensional effects.



The study emphasizes that **inter-regional disparity** reduction programs achieve maximum effectiveness when **strategically coordinated by central government** while being **locally**



implemented. In parallel, Hasina
Farhana Sarkar (Curtin University,
Australia) conducted groundbreaking
research examining how auditor-client
geographic proximity influences audit
quality in Australia. Her innovative
approach combines two critical
metrics: accrual-based earnings
quality and going-concern audit

opinions, creating the first comprehensive Australian study to analyze how geographic proximity interacts with these dual audit quality measures to shape auditor-client relationships. This research establishes a new framework for evaluating audit effectiveness in geographically diverse business environments.



Caleb Huanyong Chen (Hong Kong
Baptist University) investigated
how sustainable
practices enhance organizational
performance and competitiveness in
sunset industries, revealing four key
mechanisms: operational
improvements through greater efficiency,
cost reduction, and innovation;
strengthened corporate governance via

ethical frameworks and stakeholder alignment; enhanced brand reputation and customer loyalty; and increased access to green financing and regulatory incentives. The study demonstrates that sustainability acts as a strategic lever, transforming traditional industries by embedding resilience and long-term value creation.



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The study identifies four key mechanisms through which sustainable practices enhance organizational performance: establishing sustainable development as a **long-term corporate strategy**, fostering **employee engagement** through meaningful sustainability initiatives that boost commitment and organizational citizenship behaviors, building **high-quality relationships with business partners**, and driving **operational improvements** through enhanced efficiency and innovation - collectively enabling companies to overcome industry challenges and achieve sustained competitiveness, with both theoretical and practical implications discussed in the paper.



The conference organizers extend sincere gratitude to all plenary speakers and participants who enriched this international gathering through high-quality presentations and stimulating discussions in Bali, Indonesia, while particularly acknowledging the valuable contributions of University of Brawijaya students and expressing

special appreciation to the Global Academy of Training and Research for facilitating this productive scientific exchange.



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